

# Entropy of trails on the square lattice in the full lattice limit

Lucas R. Rodrigues, Thomas Prellberg, Jürgen F. Stilck

<sup>1</sup> IF-Universidade Federal Fluminense,

<sup>2</sup> School of Mathematical Sciences, Queen Mary University of London,

<sup>3</sup> IF-Universidade Federal Fluminense

Trails are lattice walks which are constrained to pass through each edge of the lattice at most once [1], they may be seen as a generalization of the self-avoiding walks (SAW's), which visit each *site* of the lattice not more than once. On the square lattice, the trail at each site, when the four incident edges are occupied, may have three possible configurations: two *collisions*, where pairs of perpendicular edges are connected, and a *crossing*, where pairs of parallel edges connect. We study the model of semi-flexible trails on the square lattice in the compact limit, that is, when the walk passes through all the edges of the lattice and crossings have a statistical weight  $\omega$ . To obtain estimates for the entropy, we solve the model numerically on strips of finite widths  $m$  using transfer matrices and extrapolate our results to the two-dimensional limit  $m \rightarrow \infty$ . When crossings are forbidden ( $\omega = 0$ ), the model is known as VISAW in the literature and many exact results are known [2]. Another particular limit is  $\omega = 1$ , where the entropy reaches a maximum, and finally  $\omega \rightarrow \infty$ , where no collisions appear and the entropy vanishes. Besides obtaining precise estimates for the entropy as a function of the density of crossings  $\rho_x$ , we also solve the model in a simple mean-field approximation, where loops are allowed, and on the Husimi lattice built with squares [3], comparing the results.

## References

[1] A. R. Massih and M. A. Moore, J. Phys. A **8**, 237 (1975), D P Foster, Phys. Rev. E **84** 032102 (2011); A Bedini, A L Owczarek and T. Prellberg, Phys. Rev. E **87** 012142 (2013).

[2] P. W. Kasteleyn, Physica **29**, 1329 (1963).

[3] T. J. Oliveira and J. F. Stilck, Phys. Rev. E **93** 012502 (2017); T. J. Oliveira, W. G. Dantas, T. Prellberg, and J. F. Stilck, J. Phys. A **51** 054001 (2018).

## Type

ORAL